

VOLUNTEER HANDBOOK



Volunteer Services

Marshfield Clinic Health System Foundation 611 Saint Joseph Ave. Marshfield, WI 54449

Office Hours: Monday – Friday, 7:00 a.m. – 4:30 p.m.

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Welcome!

I am happy you have chosen to help serve our patients, their families, visitors, and staff here at Marshfield Medical Center. You will be serving in a vital capacity requiring dedicated effort, loyalty, and enthusiasm. There are many volunteers, like you, who have discovered a new way of life by serving others.

Every volunteer is a vital link between the hospital and the community and, as such, promotes understanding by stimulating interest in the hospital's achievements, progress and future goals.

Volunteers provide services sometimes not available to our patients and their families. As a volunteer, you will maintain a regular volunteer schedule and serve a minimum of 2-3 hours per week.

The guidelines in this handbook will help introduce you to your new volunteer position. Please read it carefully before beginning your service. Then, refer to it often in order to answer your questions and make your volunteer efforts and experience as effective and rewarding as possible. I am always available to help you in your new position. Please feel free to seek assistance and contact me whenever necessary. Your comments, suggestions and concerns are very important to me.

I sincerely hope you enjoy your volunteer experience.

Keresa Kilty

Manager, Volunteer Services

Kerwa J. Kiet

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Marshfield Children's Hospital is proud to be one of just 170 Children's Miracle Network Hospitals (CMN Hospitals) throughout the United States and Canada. We are the region's only dedicated children's hospital and have been a CMN Hospitals partner since 1989. 100% of all funds raised stay local to benefit kids in central and northern Wisconsin, regardless of their illness or injury. CMN Hospitals support allows Marshfield Children's Hospital to have life-saving technology and equipment, child life services and expressive therapies, direct assistance to families, and more.

More than 10 million kids enter a children's hospital like Marshfield Children's Hospital across North America every year. To provide the best care for kids, children's hospitals rely on donations and community support. Since 1983, various fundraising partners and programs have helped support the nonprofit's mission to save and improve the lives of as many children as possible.

The CMN Hospitals program is part of the Marshfield Clinic Health System Foundation.



Amanda Lancour, Program Manager-Children's Miracle Network Hospitals





WE ENRICH LIVES...

by shaping the future of Marshfield Clinic Health System through philanthropy.

As a nonprofit organization, Marshfield Clinic Health System relies on philanthropic support to provide meaningful patient care, research and education programs for the patients and communities we serve. Since the 1970's, more than 37,000 donors have raised over \$100 million to enrich the lives of Marshfield Clinic Health System patients.

Philanthropy remains at the core of Marshfield Clinic Health System's mission. Your gifts through Marshfield Clinic Health System Foundation enrich lives for families in need, sick and injured kids, brave people fighting cancer and so many others in rural Wisconsin. 100% of your donations support the cause of your choice at Marshfield Clinic Health System.

Your support makes moments of joy, laughter and connection possible for our patients and communities every day. It has never been more important to support the causes you care about. Visit marshfieldclinic.org/giving or find us on Facebook at facebook.com/MarshfieldClinicHealthSystemFoundation to learn more.



Teri Wilczek, Chief Philanthropy Officer Marshfield Clinic Health System



Marshfield Clinic Health System is an integrated health system whose mission is to enrich lives through accessible, affordable compassionate health care. The Health System serves Wisconsin and Michigan's Upper Peninsula with more than 1,600 providers comprising 170 specialties, health plan, and research and education programs. Primary operations include more than 60 Marshfield Clinic locations, 11 hospitals, Marshfield Children's Hospital, Marshfield Clinic Research Institute, Security Health Plan and Marshfield Clinic Health System Foundation. Learn more at marshfieldclinic.org.

MISSION

WE ENRICH LIVES

...to create healthy communities through accessible, affordable, compassionate health care.

VISION

WE WILL INNOVATE AND DEFINE THE FUTURE OF HEALTH CARE FOR GENERATIONS

...and will be the consumer's first choice for health care.

VALUES

PATIENT-CENTERED: We listen, serve and put the needs of the patient first.

TRUST: We earn trust through honesty, integrity, respect and compassion.

TEAMWORK: We work together, respecting each other and our professional roles.

EXCELLENCE: Through research, education and best practice, we deliver exceptional quality.

AFFORDABILITY: We are accountable as we manage resources and deliver value-based

care.

Volunteer Pledge

- 1. I will be punctual and conscientious in the fulfillment of my duties and will accept supervision graciously.
- 2. I will conduct myself with dignity, courtesy, and consideration for others.
- 3. I will consider as confidential all information which I may hear directly or indirectly concerning a patient, physician, or any member of the staff, and will not seek information in regard to a patient.
- 4. I will take any concerns, criticisms, or suggestions to the Volunteer Services Manager.
- 5. I will endeavor to make my work of the highest quality.
- 6. I will uphold the traditions and standards of this hospital, and will interpret them in a positive manner to the community at large.

Rights for Volunteers

A volunteer has the following rights:

- 1. The right to be treated as a unique support to our hospital, not just as free help.
- 2. The right to a suitable assignment, with consideration for personal preference, temperament, experience, education, and employment background.
- 3. The right to know as much about the hospital as possible, including its policies, people, and programs.
- 4. The right to training for the job, through thoughtfully planned and effectively presented programs.
- 5. The right to continuing education on the job, as a follow-up to the initial training, including information about new developments and training for greater responsibility.
- 6. The right to sound guidance and direction, by someone who is experienced, patient, well-informed, and thoughtful; and who has the time to invest in giving guidance.
- 7. The right to a designated place to work which is orderly, conducive to work, and worthy of the job to be done.
- 8. The right to promotion and a variety of experiences, through advancement to assignments of more responsibility, through transfer from one activity to another, and through special assignment.
- 9. The right to be heard, and to have a part in planning; to feel free to make suggestions, and to have respect shown for an honest opinion.
- 10. *The* right *of recognition*, through promotions, awards, and fair treatment on a day-to-day basis.

Annual Volunteer Requirements

In January, Volunteer Services prepares an annual inservice, a self-learning packet of important material covering Marshfield Clinic Health System policies, emergency response, and safety information will be mailed to your home. This material is being sent to you because Marshfield Clinic Health System and the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations require all associates and volunteers to review this information annually. It is Marshfield Clinic Health System's responsibility to give you the information and your responsibility to review it,

sign off that you understand the information, and mail back to Volunteer Services in the return envelope provided.

Volunteer Benefits

Volunteers at Marshfield Medical Center receive some benefits designated especially for them.

- We can provide a record of volunteer hours and letters of recommendation, when you
 need them for job applications, National Honor Society, or scholarships. Please note: letters
 of recommendation will only be provided to volunteers/volunteens in good standing who
 have served more than 50 hours. If you need a letter of recommendation or reference,
 please contact our office at least two weeks in advance of your need so we have adequate
 time to complete your request.
- **Annual Volunteer Appreciation Event**: The annual Appreciation Event is held in April to recognize your volunteer service.
- **Parking**: Free parking in the first lot across the street (lot #9) from the hospital's main entrance is available to all volunteers. All volunteers should have a parking pass that states they are a volunteer at MCHS. If you do not have a parking pass, please contact Volunteer Services (715-387-7198).
 - If you have any mobility restrictions, please discuss with volunteer services staff.
- **Additional benefits:** Personal satisfaction from helping people in need, new friendships, personal growth, and a sense of purpose.

Volunteen Recognition

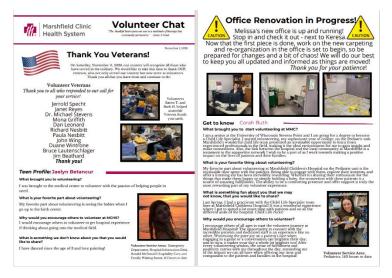
- 50 hours Recognition in Hub City Times.
- 100 hours \$10 MACCI gift certificate
- 200 hours (your name is displayed on a Hospital plaque which hangs in the hallway). - \$20 MACCI certificate
- 300 hours \$30 MACCI gift certificate
- 400 hours \$40 MACCI gift certificate + "Featured Volunteen" frame recognition
- 500 hours \$50 MACCI gift certificate + "Featured Volunteen" frame recognition



Volunteen milestones are recognized in the Volunteer Services office, in the Four Seasons Cafeteria, in our Volunteer Chat, and on various social media outlets.

Volunteer Chat Newsletter

It is your responsibility to read the monthly newsletter as it will be providing important updates and information. *Volunteer Chat* is emailed monthly (if email is provided) and copies are available in the Volunteer Office.



Volunteer Responsibilities

Personal Appearance (Dress Code)

(for a comprehensive description, see Document ID # 4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-229 Personal Appearance (Dress Code)) As a service organization concerned with health, patient care, infection control,

safety, and business relations, Marshfield Clinic Health System has criteria to govern attire and personal appearance at all of their sites. These criteria emphasize the value of projecting a professional image and are based on business necessity but attempt to recognize individual difference in taste.

Footwear

Appropriate

- Clean and in good repair
- Close toed shoes highly recommended
 - Professional, open-toed shoes may be worn in non-patient/non-lab areas ONLY if no safety issues. Open-toed shoes are not allowed in patient care areas.
- Athletic shoes acceptable

<u>Inappropriate</u>

NO flip flops, beach sandals, hiking boots or heels over 3 inches



Attire

Appropriate

- Simple, clean and professional
- Dress pants/slacks highly recommended
- Skirts, dresses and capris acceptable if they cover knees
- Jeans acceptable but MUST be clean and without holes
- Shirts/tops should be professional and not expose shoulders, back, chest or abdomen

Inappropriate

- NO mini-skirts or shorts
- NO sweatpants or joggers
- NO hoodies
- NO excessive make-up or perfume (scents can make patients nauseous)
- NO suggestive or ill-fitting clothing
- Jewelry should not present a safety or infection control hazard and should reflect a
 professional appearance. Body and facial piercing is allowable provided it does not interfere
 with your ability to communicate with staff, patients, and volunteers, or impact safety or
 infection control practices.
- Tattoos found to be offensive must be covered. Examples include, but are not limited to: pictures or words of a sexual nature, gang affiliations, violence, profanity or derogatory words/images.
- When in doubt, don't wear it

TEENS MUST WEAR VOLUNTEER SMOCKS OR VESTS, hanging up and available in the Volunteer Office



Smocks in Volunteer Services



Correct Way to Wear Smock

Identification Badge

Volunteers must wear provided nametag visibly on or near the neckline. The nametag is a safety mechanism for identification to our patients and families, as well as a security mechanism to gain access to our building. The nametag also alerts other staff members that you have been cleared to be at this MCHS facility. You are required to leave your volunteer badge in the Volunteer Services office – **DO NOT TAKE HOME** (unless you need it for your shift at Outpatient Surgery Center).



Personal Belongings

Personal belongings must be kept in lockers in the Volunteer Services alcove. If you require more room for belongings (i.e. backpacks, instruments etc.) please ask Volunteer Services staff for appropriate storage space options in the Volunteer Services office.

Smoking Policy (see Tobacco Free Environment policy Document ID# 4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-97)
All MCHS facilities are tobacco-free, providing a safe and aesthetic environment. Use of tobacco products and/or any other smoking devices is not permitted anywhere in or on MCHS property at any time.

Drug & Alcohol Policy (see Drug Free Workplace Document ID #4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-23)
Reporting for your shift at any MCHS facility while under the influence of alcohol, controlled substances, prescribed medications, or over-the-counter medications that impair your ability to safely and effectively perform your duties is strictly prohibited.

Cellular Phone Use (see Cell Phone and Personal Electronic Device Document ID #KT2N6QC5SZE5-3-1966)

Maintaining patient privacy and confidentiality is a requirement of service. **Therefore, please refrain from using personal communication devices while volunteering**. The use of personal electronic devices is allowed **only** during break, meal periods or after your scheduled shift. Violations of MCHS policies in a public manner may result in corrective action up to and including termination of service, even if violation occurs when away from work. The use of camera phones is prohibited near patients or anywhere patient confidentiality could be compromised.

Standards of Behavior and Professionalism (see Standards of Behavior and Professionalism policy Document ID #4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-320)

The System is committed to providing a patient-centered environment that fosters communication, teamwork, accountability and professionalism. Our Standards of Behavior and Professionalism are based on trust: Patients trust the System to provide exceptional quality and service; and colleagues trust each other, working as a team to provide exceptional care. These standards are expectations to ensure that all physicians, staff and volunteers deliver exceptional service. Each person is a vital link in providing outstanding patient-centered service and expected to maintain the values set forth by the Systems' Mission-Vision-Values statement. These standards extend to all interactions physicians, staff and volunteers have in the communities the System serves.

Volunteer/Employee Conduct (see Employee Accountability and Conduct policy Document ID #4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-293)

The System strives to promote a culture of compassion, integrity, dignity and safety. All volunteers and staff are expected to maintain a positive, inviting and professional work

environment, treating everyone with respect, kindness and courtesy. Patient and System needs will be met through serving customers in an efficient, timely and caring manner.

The System will not condone volunteer behavior that is offensive or harmful to the health, safety, or morale of other employees, or to the interests of the organization, its patients or other customers. In order to avoid such behaviors before they occur, the System has developed policies to describe the kinds of behaviors that are unacceptable and the rights and responsibilities of all parties.

The System uses corrective disciplinary action when a volunteer's conduct or performance is unsatisfactory or when the organization's rules and regulations have been violated. The purpose of corrective action is to address volunteer behavior in accordance with System policies and procedures.

Corrective Action/Dismissal (see Performance Management and Corrective Action policy Document ID #4FAR5N4RSFP7-3-291)

Some violations of work rules are serious. When a volunteer's performance is unsatisfactory or when the System's policies or procedures have been violated, disciplinary measures become necessary. The System has developed policies and procedures to reduce disciplinary issues by informing employees/volunteers in advance of the consequences of their behavior. These policies also encourage consistency in dealing with disciplinary issues. They provide a method for employees/volunteers to improve behavior. Offenders may receive an oral or written warning in order to facilitate positive change. Immediate suspension or dismissal may occur depending on the offense.

Reasons for corrective action or dismissal may include, but are not limited to:

- Breach of confidentiality; as a volunteer, you will be trusted to keep confidential any information you may learn about the patients you encounter.
- Inappropriate attitude or behavior:
 - Verbal outbursts
 - o Insults or criticism against others or our organization
 - Condescending language
 - Physical threats or actions
 - Not following policy/protocol
 - Being disrespectful
 - Harassment
- Failure in following dress code.
- Unexcused absences.
- Visiting with friends during your assigned volunteer hours, or having friends loitering in the hospital.
- Using computers for non-volunteer related business such as computer games, e-mail, instant messenger and other internet usage.
- Breach of work practices and rules (may be at Volunteer Manager's discretion).

Etiquette

- Volunteers are asked to maintain a friendly attitude whenever they are on duty. Do not become emotionally involved with patients. In all cases, please use common sense.
- Even though you may report to a specific supervisor in the area where you work, remember that all volunteers are under the general supervision of the Manager of Volunteer Services.
- A good slogan to remember is: "When in doubt, ask." If you have any questions regarding your assignment, ask the Manager of Volunteer Services, or your immediate supervisor.
- Doctors or Ministers in Patient's Rooms: Do not enter a patient's room if a doctor, priest, minister, or chaplain is in the room. If one should enter while you are there, please leave promptly. You may return after they leave.

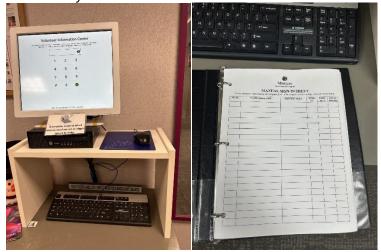
Changes in Address, Schedule, Service

Please contact Volunteer Services at 715.387.7198 if:

- Circumstances require you to change your volunteer schedule. We ask that you seek your own replacement whenever possible.
- Your address, phone number, or other information has been changed.
- You must terminate your volunteer service. At this time you will be expected to return your name badge to the department.

Service Records

• It is very important for you to sign in when you come, and sign out when you leave, using the touch screen computer software located in the Volunteer Office. If you forget to log in or out, please contact the Volunteer Services staff so this can be corrected as soon as possible. If the computer is not working, use the manual sign-in sheet by the computer to record your hours.



Volunteer Accident Liability Insurance

 Another important topic is our liability insurance. Because volunteers are not considered employees, they are not eligible for coverage under Worker's Compensation; however, Marshfield Clinic Health System does carry Volunteer Accident Liability Insurance should you be injured while performing activities on behalf of Marshfield Clinic Health System.

Children and Visitors

When volunteering, please do not bring children, relatives or other visitors with you. You
have been cleared by our Employee Health Office and instructed in confidentiality, infection
control, and other MMC policies and procedures. The friend/visitor who comes with you is
not informed of our policies and is not covered by our liability insurance.

Illness and Absences

- If you have been ill, have been in contact with someone who has been ill, or are just not feeling well, DO NOT COME IN. It is best for you and for the employees and patients that you stay at home.
- If you are scheduled to volunteer on a regular schedule, make arrangements with your area if you know ahead of time that you cannot be there. If you become ill and cannot come in, contact your work area. If you are unable to reach someone in your work area, then call Volunteer Services at 715.387.7198.

Excused from Volunteering

- <u>HOLIDAYS</u> You are excused from volunteering on all MCHS observed holidays: New Year's
 Day, Easter, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving, Christmas Eve
 (afternoon), Christmas Day.
- **INCLEMENT WEATHER** If school is canceled due to in inclement weather, you are excused from volunteering.

In the Event of an Emergency

If you happen to be volunteering in an area where there is a medical emergency, **dial 888 FROM AN INTERNAL MMC PHONE** to activate the internal response team. For an active shooter, threat, or fire, **dial 911 FOR LOCAL EMERGENCY RESPONDERS**. Stickers are located on all health system phones with internal and external emergency numbers.

Questions you will be asked by our hospital operator:

- Identify yourself (name and that you are a volunteer)
- Location of incident
- Does the incident involve a patient, visitor or associate?
- Brief description of what happened (i.e., fainting, chest pain, dizzy, etc.)

Safety Practices

- When lifting, bend at the knees and hips; keep the back straight, holding the object close to the body.
- Wipe up all safe spills such as water or drinks. <u>Never</u> touch blood, body fluids or <u>any unknown</u> spills report them instead to the nearest staff person.
- Be careful when rounding "blind corners." Check the mirrors located on the walls in these areas.



- Pick up objects from the floor.
- If an accident occurs while you are on duty, report it immediately to Volunteer Services or to your immediate supervisor. If Volunteer Services is closed, report the accident the next day. If you have been injured, or for an emergency, go to the Emergency Department.
- If a patient makes a request of you, please clear it with the nurse in charge before doing what is asked.
- Do not administer any medications.
- Do not bring into MMC any unauthorized articles, such as drugs or alcoholic beverages.
- Do not remove patients from their units unless you have permission from the nurse in charge.
- Do not help patients in or out of a bed or wheelchairs. Call a staff member for assistance.
- Please do not use your scheduled hours of service as a time for visiting a friend or relative who is a patient.
- We are a non-smoking facility. Please do not smoke on duty, or wear clothes that smell of smoke.

Incident Reporting

If an incident or accident occurs while you are on duty, report it immediately to your supervisor or Volunteer Services so they can fill out an incident report. If you are injured, go to Urgent Care at Marshfield Clinic. If Urgent Care is closed, you will be taken to Marshfield Medical Center's Emergency Department which is combined with Urgent Care.

Urgent Care Hours:

- Monday Friday: 7:30 a.m. 7:30 p.m.
- Weekends: 7:30 a.m. 3:30 p.m.

Fire Safety

The hospital has an overall fire response plan and each hospital unit has their own unit specific action plans in the event of a fire. What do you need to know if there is a fire?

- A fire will be announced through the overhead paging system as "Attention please fire alarm + location"
- Response to a fire includes:
 - \checkmark **R** = Rescue patients from smoke/fire
 - ✓ **A** = Alarm pull fire alarm and call phone number 888
 - ✓ **C** = Contain the smoke/fire by closing all doors to rooms and corridors
 - ✓ **E** = Extinguish the fire (if safe to do so) or Evacuate
- To operate a fire extinguisher
 - ✓ **P** = Pull pin from extinguisher
 - \checkmark **A** = Aim extinguisher at base of fire
 - ✓ **S** = Squeeze handle of extinguisher
 - ✓ **S** = Sweep back and forth on base of fire

- To evacuate
 - ✓ Through the adjoining smoke compartment (through the fire doors)
 - ✓ Horizontally into an adjoining building, if needed
 - ✓ Down the stairwells, if needed
 - ✓ Do not use elevators

DO NOT BLOCK FIRE EXTINGUISHER ACCESS AT ANY TIME.



Active Shooter Response (see Active Shooter Policy Document ID #V3JTWDA5CEX2-3-72)

Active shooter situations are unpredictable and evolve quickly. Typically, the immediate involvement of law enforcement is required to stop the shooting and mitigate harm to victims. Active shooter situations are often over within 10-15 minutes, and possibly before law enforcement arrives. Individuals need to be prepared both mentally and physically to deal with an active shooter situations.

In the event an individual or individuals come into the facility displaying a firearm or as an "active shooter" employee, visitors, volunteers and patients in the affected area should quickly determine the most reasonable way to protect their own life. Remember that visitors are likely to follow the lead of employees during an active shooter situation.

- Run- if there is an accessible escape path, attempt to evacuate the premises. Be sure to:
 - Have an escape route and plan in mind
 - o Evacuate regardless of whether others agree to follow
 - Leave your belongings behind
 - Help others escape, if possible
 - o Prevent individuals from entering an area where the active shooter may be
 - o Follow the instructions of any police officers and keep hands visible
 - o Do not attempt to move wounded people
 - Call 911/888 when you are safe. If available, employees should call Telecom at 888 to inform the operators to activate the Active Shooter/Armed Intruder Alert. The intent is for the employee to give as much information to the operator as possible so they can dispatch Security, if available and contact EMS as soon as possible. Contact Security to initiate a lockdown of the facility.
- Hide If evacuation is not possible, find a place to hide where the active shooter is less likely to find you. Your hiding place should:
 - Be out of the active shooter's view
 - Provide protection if shots are fired in your direction (i.e., an office with a closed and locked door)
 - Not trap you or restrict your options for movement. To prevent an active shooter from entering your hiding place:

- Lock the door
- Blockade the door with heavy furniture
- Silence your cell phone and/or pager
- Turn off any source of noise (i.e., radios, televisions)
- Hide behind large items (i.e., cabinets, desks)
- Remain quiet
- Remain calm
- Dial 911, if possible, to alert police to the active shooter's location
- If you cannot speak, leave the line open and allow the dispatcher to listen
- Only leave the area after the "All Clear" is announced or directed by law enforcement
- Fight As a last resort, and only when your life is in imminent danger, attempt to disrupt and/or incapacitate the active shooter by:
 - Acting as aggressively as possible against him/her
 - o Throw items and improvising weapons
 - o Yell
 - Commit to your actions

This is a link to a nearly 6 minute training video that explains what is discussed above and adds additional information that is useful in such an event.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5VcSwejU2D0&t=2s

Emergency Procedures

Emergency procedure flip charts (see picture) are located throughout the MCHS campus, and provide information on dealing with various types of emergencies.

Pain Management (see Pain Management policy Document ID#KT2N6QC5SZE5-3-1616)

Our MCHS mission is to provide compassionate health care; managing pain and alleviating patient suffering is part of the mission and patients have the right to have the highest level of pain relief that can realistically and safely be provided for them. Therefore, if you are interacting with a patient that expresses they are in pain or having pain, please alert a staff member right away.

Cultural Diversity

The ability to understand, communicate with and effectively interact with people across different cultures is extremely important. It is extremely important that you, as a volunteer, are aware MCHS provides care to patients with many diverse values, beliefs and behaviors. Examples of ethnic categories within our demographics are: Hispanic, Latino, Asian, Amish, American Indian,

African American and Hmong. MCHS values and respects the diversity of all individuals who interact with our health system.

Interpreter Services (see Interpretation and Translation Services for Limited English Proficiency Patients policy Document ID# KT2N6QC5SZE5-9-149)

If you come in contact with a patient/family that does not speak English, or speaks a minimal amount of English, please note that there are interpreter services available. Should you identify this need, please notify a charge nurse and/or manager to contact *Interpreter Services* (Ext. 1-5500, Monday – Friday, 8 a.m.-5 p.m.) and they should follow-up accordingly. After hours and weekend please dial "O" for the operators who will then manage the request.

Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities (see Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities policy Document ID#TM7XN2FTXHRM-3-206)

MCHS recognizes that each individual is important, unique, and deserves to be treated with respect and concern. This includes respecting basic rights and personal dignity of all patients without distinction and discrimination.

The Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities is based on federal and state laws, accreditation standards, and core values. Patients' Rights and Responsibilities will be displayed on the public website, in prominent locations within the facilities, and given to the patient at time of hospital admission.

Patients have the following rights in accordance with the Patient Bill of Rights:

- Access to Care
- Considerate Care
- Privacy
- Notification of Admission, Discharge, and/or Transfer
- Identity of Physicians and Staff
- Confidentiality
- Information
- Healthcare Decision Making
- Communication
- Advocate
- Informed Consent
- Visitors
- Religious and Spiritual Services
- Personal Safety
- Continuity of Care
- Consult Another Physician
- Refusal of Treatment
- Transfer
- Research
- Advance Directives
- Pain Management

- Explanation of Healthcare Facility Charges
- Restraints and Seclusion
- Children's Rights

Patients have the following responsibilities:

- Provision of Information
- Compliance with Instructions
- Refusal of Treatment
- Payment of Charges
- Healthcare Facility Rules and Regulations
- Advance Directives
- Respect and Consideration
- Concerns or Complaints

Resources to share complaints or concerns and resolve issues include:

Patient Experience Liaison Marshfield Clinic Health System 1000 N. Oak Avenue Marshfield, WI 54449-5777

Phone: 1-800-782-8581, ext. 7-5300

Caregiver Misconduct (see Responding to Allegations of Patient Abuse, Neglect, or Misappropriation of Patient Proptery policy Document ID# TM7XN2FTXHRM-3-209)

It is the responsibility of all staff, physicians, allied providers and volunteers to honor **all patient rights** listed in the MCHS "Patient Bill of Rights and Responsibilities" policy, including the following:

- Patients have the right to receive considerate, respectful care from qualified personnel who
 respect the patient's dignity, personal values, spiritual values, belief system and culture,
 and the right to be free from all forms of abuse or harassment
- Medical providers and other staff will do everything possible to ensure the patient's safety while in the facilities

Patient Abuse and Reporting:

Abuse is any action by a caregiver (also referred to as *caregiver misconduct*) that is not in line with MCHS policies or procedures, is not part of the patient's treatment plan, and is done intentionally to cause harm (e.g. inflicting pain or injury, denying patient rights, causing mental or emotional harm, stealing a patient's belongings, etc.).

Examples of caregiver abuse include:

- Physical hitting, slapping, pinching, kicking, shoving, pushing, forcible administration of a medication without a valid order, etc.
- Sexual harassment, inappropriate touching, intercourse, assault, etc.
- Verbal abuse threats of harm, saying things to intentionally frighten a patient, etc.

 Mental abuse – humiliation, harassment, intimidation, threats of punishment, threats of depriving care or possessions, etc.

Any volunteer who witnesses or becomes aware of any caregiver misconduct needs to report it to a manager or supervisor as soon as possible and no later than 2 hours after the perceived misconduct was observed.

Volunteers need to report caregiver misconduct to the nursing supervisor. Using an internal phone, dial 94208. If no one answers, continue until you talk to the supervisor.

Patient Safety or Quality of Care Concerns

We strive to provide safe, high-quality patient care at Marshfield Medical Center. We design and monitor our processes to eliminate or minimize errors. If something does go wrong, we follow up to learn why and prevent reoccurrences.

At Marshfield Clinic Health System (MCHS), it is our top priority to provide patients with high quality and safe healthcare. Any staff member/volunteer who has concerns about safety or quality of care provided at Marshfield Medical Center may report these concerns. Please bring your concerns to Management/Administration, the Risk Manager, Compliance Officer, Laboratory Medical Director, or Quality Manager. Marshfield Medical Center will take no disciplinary action because an employee/volunteer reports safety or quality of care concerns. You may also contact the below agencies about issues concerning patient safety and quality of hospital care that has not been addressed to your satisfaction:

The Joint Commission

One Renaissance Boulevard Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181 Phone: 1-800-994-6610

E-mail: complaint@jointcommission.org

www.jointcommission.org

Livanta LLC (for Medicare beneficiaries) BFCC-QIO Program 10820 Guilford Road, Ste 202

Annapolis Junction, MD 20701-1262 Phone: 1-888-524-9900 or

Phone: 1-888-524-9900 o 1-888-985-8775 (TTY)

Wisconsin Division of Quality Assurance

P.O. Box 2969

Madison, WI 53701-2960 Phone: 608-266-8481 Fax: 608-267-0352 www.dhs.wisconsin.gov

For Laboratory Concerns:

Center for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) Central Office

Division of Laboratory Services (CLIA) 7500 Security Boulevard, Mail Stop S2-12-25

Baltimore, MD 21244-1850

Phone: 1-877-267-2323 ext. 63531

Infection Prevention and Control

Please remember to follow the principles of infection transmission prevention:

Before entering a patient's room, look for an isolation sign under the room number. If you have received training and have been approved to enter isolation rooms, follow the instructions on the isolation signs. Practice proper hand hygiene before entering every room, after exiting every room, and always after removing gloves, gowns and/or masks. Practice hand hygiene in the presence of the patient whenever possible. This is the bare minimum required.

Following precautions correctly with every patient demonstrates our commitment to keeping the patient first.

- Remember to stay home if you are sick, or if someone in your family has a communicable infection. If you have been exposed to an infectious disease (such as chickenpox, measles, mumps, COVID-19, or tuberculosis), notify Volunteer Services prior to working your volunteer schedule. They will notify the appropriate department as necessary.
- All volunteers must be free of skin, eye, respiratory, or gastrointestinal infections.
- All volunteers should have their vaccinations up-to-date to prevent communicable diseases like measles and pertussis.
- All volunteers should get their annual influenza vaccination before November 1.
 - Provided free of charge through Employee Health. Note, if under the age of 18, parent consent is required.
- Remember that volunteers should **not** clean up spills of blood or body fluid. In case of a spill, a staff member should be called immediately. The volunteer should avoid being exposed to blood or body fluid.

If a volunteer does experience a significant exposure to blood or body fluid:

- The exposed site must be thoroughly cleansed/rinsed as soon as possible
- The volunteer must **immediately** report the incident to the supervisor, who will begin appropriate follow-up
- A staff member will complete an incident report
- Do not rub or touch your eyes, nose, or mouth if your hands have been in contact with any blood or body fluid
- Gloves generally are not needed unless required by your service duties (i.e., cleaning toys on Peds, etc.) or you have skin rashes or broken skin and should always be removed and hands cleansed between patients

Hand Hygiene

Hand hygiene is the single most important behavior to prevent infections. Hand hygiene means that you either use alcohol-based hand sanitizers or wash your hands with soap and water for 20 seconds.

Hand sanitizers are promoted by the CDC over traditional hand washing when hands are visibly clean. They allow freedom of movement away from traditional hand washing sinks and take less

time. The sanitizer formulas (with emollients) are often easier on the skin than the antimicrobial hand soaps. However, sanitizers cannot be used if the hands are visibly soiled (dirt, oil, blood, urine or feces). There is no residual action of the sanitizer once the alcohol is absorbed or evaporated. To be effective, the alcohol must be rubbed onto all surfaces of the hands, including between fingers and under fingernails.

Handwashing is the traditional method for cleaning hands and is required after using the bathroom. Antimicrobial soap has residual properties so your hands do stay cleaner longer. The down side is that you must have a sink available and it takes at least **20 seconds** of friction to thoroughly clean the hands. The whole hand washing procedure takes about 1 ½ -2 minutes. Over time with multiple uses antimicrobial soap may be irritating to the skin. Using a facility approved lotion can help your skin maintain its health and should be used frequently after washing your hands. **If your hands are visibly soiled, find the nearest sink and thoroughly wash your hands with soap and water.**

Cough Etiquette

Cough into your elbow while turning away from others and then wash your hands. Never cough into your bare hands; always use a tissue if you do not cough into your elbow and discard the tissue before cleansing your hands.

Standard Precautions

A standard precautions sign is placed outside each patient's room (under their room number) and is only covered if the patient is in a specific type of isolation. These signs remind you that there are certain behaviors you must use for EVERY patient in order to protect yourself and them. They are not based on the patient's diagnosis but are used in every case when there is any possibility of contact with blood or other body fluids. Gloves protect your hands, gowns protect your clothes, masks protect your mouth and nostrils, and (when needed), eye protection is also used.

STANDARD PRECAUTIONS: Okay to enter without training

Where do I find the room's precautions?

Example of standard room precautions posted

outside of room.





CONTACT PRECAUTIONS: *TRAINING IS REQUIRED TO ENTER*

Volunteers may not enter the room of any patient in isolation without training and

the permission of the patient's nurse.

Where do I find the room's precautions?

Example of contact precautions posted outside of room.



Transmission-Based Isolation Precautions

Please be attentive for Marshfield Medical Center's isolation signs. These signs have pictures and written instructions to assist associates, visitors, and volunteers. **The signs have their own individual color coding and are always displayed under the room number.** Please see examples below, remember entering any patient room requires hand hygiene.

Employee Health

MMC requires the following for vaccines:

- **COVID Vaccine** status-needs one of the following to be compliant
 - Proof of vaccine
 - Proof of Approved Exemption (Medical or Religious)
 - Signed Declination (Do not want the vaccine)
- **Influenza Vaccine** status-needs one of the following to be compliant (Influenza Season runs Sept 1st through March 31st annually)
 - Proof of vaccine
 - Proof of Approved Exemption (Medical or Religious)-currently do not need a new one from year to year.
 - o Deferral for a Leave of Absence during Influenza Season

HIPAA: Awareness Training for Volunteers

Health Insurance Portability & Accountability Act

Marshfield Medical Center has a strong tradition of protecting the privacy of patient information.

Confidentiality has always been part of the hospital culture Additionally, there is a law that sets a **national standard** to protect medical records and other personal health information. It is called the **Health**Insurance Portability and Accountability Act or HIPAA.

What is HIPAA?

- HIPAA is a law passed by congress in 1996 and sets national standards for the protection of patient information.
- HIPAA applies to **ALL** health care providers: hospitals, physicians, associates, <u>volunteers</u>, insurance companies, labs, home care companies and surgery centers.
- HIPAA covers ALL forms of protected health information... oral, written and electronic.

What is Protected Health Information (PHI)?

According to HIPAA, Protected health information (PHI) is any information that can be used to identify a patient. All of the following information is considered PHI.

- Patient names
- Dates of birth
- Addresses
- Medical record numbers
- Diagnoses/Treatment information
- Photographs
- Social Security numbers
- Telephone/Fax numbers
- Email addresses
- Driver's License numbers
- Patient account numbers
- Vehicle license plate numbers

HIPAA refers to this information as **protected health information** or **PHI**. Any health information that could be used to identify someone must be protected under the HIPAA privacy law.

Sharing Patient Information

HIPAA allows the access, use, and sharing/disclosure of protected health information for the purposes of Treatment, Payment and health care Operations (TPO).

- Treatment: Providing care to patients
- Payment: Getting paid for caring for patients
- **Operations:** Normal health care business activities such as quality improvement, training, auditing, customer service and resolution of grievances.

If patient information is accessed, used, or shared for any purpose other than TPO, the patient needs to give prior authorization

Even when patient information is accessed, used or shared for the purposes of treatment, payment, and/or operations, only the **minimum necessary** information should be utilized.

Under HIPAA's minimum necessary clause, volunteers should only have access to and share the minimum necessary information needed to fulfill assigned duties.

Before disclosing protected health information (PHI), stop and ask yourself: Is my sharing this information needed for the patient's treatment, payment, or health care operations?

- If the answer is NO, do not disclose the patient information unless you have been authorized to do so. This includes information you may see or hear about hospitalized friends, acquaintances or fellow volunteers who are patients. Remember that sharing information for non-TPO purposes requires authorization from the patient.
- If the answer is YES, keep the access or disclosure of patient information to the minimum necessary required for the task you need to complete.

Privacy Scenarios

Scenario #1: During your shift, you enter a patient room to find a fellow volunteer who is hospitalized.

- **OK to:** Converse with the volunteer as you would with any other patient as part of your routine duties.
- **OK to:** Advise that if your fellow volunteer wants the Volunteer Office to be aware of his/her hospitalization, it is best for him/her to call the office directly.
- **NOT OK to:** Ask about the reason for your fellow volunteer's hospitalization or the details of his/her care unless that information is needed for your volunteer duties.
- NOT OK to: Talk about the hospitalized volunteer with others in the Volunteer Office, unless the patient has authorized the release of that information, or as required for your formal duties

Scenario #2: You work where you have access to the patient census/patient lists. While performing your regular duties, you come across the name of a fellow volunteer, friend, or acquaintance.

- **OK to:** Continue with your regular duties disregarding the information you happened upon.
- **OK to:** Only use patient census for minimum necessary to do your job, e.g., responding to a request for a patient room number.
- NOT OK to: Assume that because the patient is a volunteer or a friend, it is okay to
 notify others of this individual's presence in the hospital. It is not okay to share this
 information.
- NOT OK to: Scan the census looking for people you know.

Scenario #3: You are having lunch with another volunteer and he/she comments, "Did you know Mary is in the hospital?" referring to someone you both know.

- **OK to:** Politely change the direction of the conversation, reminding your fellow volunteer that sharing PHI for non-TPO purposes is not appropriate. Find the courage to remind him/her that we all need to respect the patient's privacy.
- **NOT OK to:** Discuss any person's health information without a business reason, even if that person is a friend, acquaintance, or co-worker.

What are the consequences of not complying with the HIPAA law?

It has always been against hospital policy to improperly share, use or dispose of patient information in the wrong way. Under HIPAA, there are now fines and penalties for breaches of patient information that can involve jail time. Patient privacy is taken very seriously, which is why every volunteer and team member is required to sign a confidentiality agreement. A breach of privacy may result in termination of the volunteer contract.

Why should we protect patient privacy?

- It is the law.
- It is the right thing to do.
- It is in keeping with the values of our organization.
- It is what we all expect as patients for family members, friends, and ourselves.

Confidential information must not be discussed in public areas within the facility or disclosed to anyone outside the facility. Discussion of patient information is permissible only as necessary to carry out your volunteer responsibilities. Gossip and careless remarks regarding a patient are violations of trust and the confidentiality policy, as well as a potential violation of state and/or federal privacy laws.

A breach of confidentiality can occur in a number of ways. Here are some common examples of PHI breaches:

- 1. Unauthorized Disclosure or Sharing
 - a. Discussing a patient situation on social media; even if the situation is discussed generically and no PHI is shared, a patient could be identified by the context of the situation
 - b. Sharing sensitive patient information (e.g., a patient's admission) without a business need
 - c. Talking about a patient in a public setting

2. Unintentional Disclosure

- a. Leaving printed information containing PHI (e.g., patient listing) face-up where others may see it
- b. Leaving PHI information in a pocket, smock, or vest after your shift is done

Staff and volunteers should take the following steps to protect patient privacy and avoid breaches:

- 1. Discard confidential patient documents by shredding or placing them in labeled recycling containers
- 2. Place patient documents face down on desks so they cannot be viewed by others
- 3. Do not leave computers, laptops, tablets, etc., unattended; log off or lock these devices before walking away

What Are the Patient's Rights Related to HIPAA/Privacy?

Under HIPAA, patients have specific rights related to how we collect, store, access, use, and/or disclose their protected health information. These privacy rights are communicated to our patients through a document called a *Notice of Privacy Practices* (NPP), which outlines the following rights:

- Obtain a list of who we have shared their health information with for the past six years
- Request to amend their medical record
- Request other communications such as asking to be notified of lab results only at work and not at home
- Review and copy their medical record
- Request restrictions on the use or sharing of their information, such as "opting out" of the hospital directory.

Providing for the Security of Patient Information With Computers

We are required to keep all health information secure, no matter where it is stored. This includes information stored on computers. Everyone who uses a computer has a duty to keep health information secure. HIPAA says we must protect all patient information on computers by:

- Properly signing-on with individual ID's and passwords
- Signing-off or locking computers when leaving the workstation
- Keeping computer ID's and passwords CONFIDENTIAL, never sharing them or writing them down
- Protecting computer screens from unwanted viewing

Through Proper Disposal of Information

We have to handle and dispose of patient information carefully, such as using a shredder instead of simply tossing papers in a trach can. The procedure for the proper disposal of health information will be part of service-specific training. RULE OF THUMB....NEVER dispose of patient information in any publicly accessible trash bin. When in doubt, ask about proper disposal.

With the use of e-mail and faxes

HIPAA requires that we protect all patient information transmitted electronically, e.g., by email or fax. Volunteers involved in these tasks will receive special training.

Reporting HIPAA/Privacy Violations

It is EVERYONE's responsibility to report privacy incidents, whether the privacy breach happens due to a mistake or because of an intentional act. It is our obligation under HIPAA to report what happened so that the Privacy Office can investigate the situation, inform the affected patient, and do what is necessary to prevent further PHI breaches. Whether someone inadvertently received the wrong patient information or shared patient information when/where they should not have, we all have a responsibility to report such incidents. HIPAA violations can result in fines for our organization and even for individuals, especially if not reported and/or addressed. When in doubt about something that happened, talk to your supervisor or contact the Privacy/Compliance Office at 715-221-6044.

Confidentiality – it concerns us all!

Because of your responsibilities at Marshfield Clinic Health System, you may have access to confidential business and protected health information (PHI). This may include information concerning the organization's financial status, business practices, strategic and marketing plans, employee records, or PHI. All of this information must remain *CONFIDENTIAL*

Remember to...

- Always STOP and ask yourself, "Should I be sharing this patient information?"
- If it doesn't pertain to treatment, payment, or operations (TPO), do not access or share it!
- Think of all patient information (even for fellow volunteers, neighbors, and friends) as protected information, not for sharing.
- Dispose of patient information by placing it in confidential disposal bins... never in an open wastebasket.
- Place patient documents face down on desks so they cannot be viewed by others
- Log out or lock computers if you leave the workstation for any reason.
- Report all violations... enforcing the regulations is everyone's responsibility!

What's next?

This awareness training is intended to give you a general overview of HIPAA and will satisfy your core training requirement. If you routinely have access to patient information as a result of your regularly assigned duties, you will likely receive further training on how HIPAA related policies and procedures might affect your work. Help us to keep the HIPAA Awareness level HIGH! Be HIPAA wise and model the correct behavior. **Remember: What you see and hear at the hospital should stay here!**

Transport of Patient/Visitor

Volunteers *must* be trained how to use a wheelchair before they may transport patients or visitors. **If a volunteer ever feels uncomfortable transporting a patient/visitor, for whatever reason, please do not transport.** Volunteers are not expected to handle/transport patients/visitors whom they feel unqualified to handle. Talk to a staff member and explain why you are unable to transport.

Only patients who are *medically stable* are to be transported by volunteers. **Evaluating** "stability" is the responsibility of the requesting department.

Evaluation Guidelines

Patient must be:

- Under 300 pounds
- Able to get into and out of wheelchair without lifting assistance
- Transported via wheelchair; not in a cot, gurney, or striker chair
- Able to have their ride pick them up at an entrance to our facility

Patient must NOT:

- Be attached to an IV or hospital oxygen tank (patients with capped off IVs or personal portable O2 tank are okay).

- Be identified as a "fall risk" or "video monitored" patient

Patients at high risk for falling will be identified by:

- **yellow** armband
- yellow non-skid socks/footwear
- **yellow** signage on outside door frame and/or "CALL Don't Fall" Poster within the patient's room or on whiteboard in room.
- If you enter a fall risk room and see a patient trying to get out of bed/chair alone, walking around, or on the floor, press the call light immediately to notify a staff member.
 Try to encourage the patient to wait for help.

Volunteers may guide a patient into or out of a wheelchair if needed. **Never lift a patient or adjust any medical equipment.** Volunteers may **assist** a staff member in transporting patients with oxygen that is attached to the wheelchair or with an IV.

GENERAL REMINDERS:

- For extra security, stand behind wheelchair and hold the handlebars when staff is assisting patient into or out of wheelchair.
- Ask the patient to place hands in lap so elbows do not extend beyond armrests.
- The person being transferred should have shoes or slippers on no stocking feet.
- Do not allow patients to pull on you when transferring **AND DO NOT LIFT PATIENTS**.
- Turn blind corners cautiously. Check mirrors at corners in hallways for oncoming traffic.
- Use staff elevators whenever possible. Avoid using the visitor elevators.
- Use automated doors at entrance/exit and whenever possible. Ask for help opening doors if needed. DO NOT allow doors to close on patients.

WHEELCHAIR PROCEDURES:

- Put wheelchair close to patient.
- Introduce yourself and explain your role using AIDET (see following section).
- Lock the brakes.
- Move footrests out of the way (bend at knees to do so).
- Guide patient into or out of the wheelchair.
- Ensure patient comfort/safety.
- Place patient feet on footrests.
- Release the brakes.
- Use good body mechanics when transporting.
- Get staff assistance for transporting patient with extra equipment.

ELEVATOR PROTOCOL:

- Put elevator on HOLD before wheeling patient in or out.
- **BACK CHAIR INTO ELEVATOR** so patient is facing doors.

Volunteers may also provide wheelchair transport to outpatients or visitors within the hospital. If an outpatient or visitor has a problem getting into or out of a wheelchair or you are unable to push them an associate from the area should be notified.

AIDET: The Five Fundamentals of Patient Centered Care

- Acknowledgment
- Introduction/Welcome
- Duration/Time Expectation
- Explanation
- Thank you

Acknowledgment

As a Marshfield Medical Center Volunteer committed to patient care, every time you meet a patient, staff or visitor acknowledges their presence:

- **STOP** what you are doing and provide a visible sign that you are acknowledging the presence of the person, so that the patient, visitor or staff knows they are important.
- Do this by calling them by name.
- Do this by making eye contact.
- Do this by **smiling**.

When you acknowledge the people around you, you show that you care.

Introduction/Welcome

- **WELCOME** the patient to Marshfield Medical Center, extending to them a warm greeting.
- **INTRODUCE** yourself by name and by title
- **Explain YOUR ROLE** as a Volunteer on campus.
- Get up and offer your **ASSISTANCE** to help with way finding.
- Make the first impression powerful!

You may ask: Why are we asking you to focus on the Five Fundamentals of Patient Centered Care?

The answer is that the Volunteers at Marshfield Medical Center are committed to providing the best patient care possible.

When you introduce yourself, you show that you care.

A good patient experience means a favorable recommendation of Marshfield Medical Center to family and friends.

Duration/Time Expectation

You are asked to inform people of Duration/Time Expectations by:

- Informing your customers how soon you will get their information to them. For example, if you need to call someone for further information state, "It will just be a minute while I call the register/house supervisor/that dept."
- If a patient has a procedure scheduled, you may state, "You will need to take a few minutes and stop at the registration desk through those doors"
- Informing the people you are helping about the typical distance to their location. For example, "It is a bit of a walk to the Marshfield Clinic you may want to move your car to lot #1" or "I'll take you to the Birth Center elevators, it's a little bit of a walk" Then get up and walk them to the elevators

When you inform the patient of how long something will take or how long they may have to walk, you show that you care. Remember, what you may consider to be routine, may be a first-time experience for the patient.

Explanation

When working with visitors/patients/staff, please:

- **Explain** who you are and what your role on campus is.
- Speak positively about the hospital and its providers.

- Explain what they need to do once they get to their destination. "Here is the restaurant, there is a grill up front, and inside there are entrée's, your drinks and dessert, the silverware is outside past the cash register."
- If you have a "helpful hint" for about finding their way out or filling their time while waiting, share it with the patient/visitor
- Offer to answer any questions or concerns and refer any complaints to the appropriate staff that can address it immediately.

When you take time to explain what people can expect, you show that you care.

Thank You

When working with others you are asked to show your gratitude for the opportunity to serve them by:

- Exercising courtesy by using the words "PLEASE" and "THANK YOU" frequently in conversations.
- Saying, "Thank you for the opportunity to help you out today."
- Expressing your gratitude at having met them today! "Thanks for stopping in today, I hope all goes well" when your service is complete.

When you say thank you, you show they matter and that you care.

You may ask: Why are we asking you to focus on the Five Fundamentals of Patient Centered Care - AIDET? The answer is that the Volunteers at Marshfield Medical Center are committed to providing the best customer service possible.

Joint Commission

Joint Commission is the nation's oldest and largest standards-setting and accrediting body in health care. Joint Commission seeks to continuously improve health care for the public, in collaboration with other stakeholders, by evaluating health care organizations and inspiring them to excel in providing safe and effective care of the highest quality and value. To earn and maintain The Gold Seal of Approval from The Joint Commission, an organization undergoes an on-site survey by a Joint Commission survey team at least every three years (Laboratories are surveyed every two years).

Why is this important to volunteers?

A Joint Commission Surveyor can ask questions to any staff member or volunteer about MCHS policies, procedures, and other hospital related topics. If a surveyor asks you a question and you don't know the answer, it is okay to tell him/her that you don't know the answer, but that you know where to go FIND the answer. Locate the closest employee for assistance or come to the Volunteer Office and we will help you.

Handbook Updated: 2/2024

12/2023 - Reviewed by the following subject matter experts:

- Suzie Smith Quality Improvement Specialist
- Jessica Bell Clinical Risk Manager
- Michelle Kaiser/Greg Leonhard Infection Preventionist
- Pashia Yang HR Business Partner Manager
- Lisa Lobner Hospital Compliance Officer
- Jeremiah Glamann Security Manager
- Tracy Zawislan Corporate Insurance Specialist
- Heather Schmidt Quality & Patient Safety Director

Next Steps

Paperwork:

Complete all required paperwork given at your interview and return to the Volunteer Services office or in the prepaid envelope if provided.

Service Area Training/Shadowing:

Once all required paperwork and health work are completed, someone from Volunteer Services will be in contact to set up training and shadowing in your designated volunteer area.

